Food-Derived Lactobacillus Cell-Free Supernatant Enhances Growth Of Carbapenem-Resistant Acinetobacter baumannii

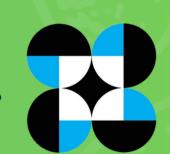
Requilino, Frenzen Wyntha M.; Atienza, Madelyn Erica F.; Belandres, Breather Heather F.; Cabañog, Kylle Christine L.; Calderon, Lauren Nicole E.; Ingan, Hannah Arianne Gie E.; Menor, Kyro Chris L.; Pioquito, Chyra P.; Velez, Juan Miguel Z.; Tenorio, Maria Alexandra C.; Guino-o, Richard Robert A.

Institute of Clinical Laboratory Sciences, Silliman University, Philippines Corresponding Author: frenzenmrequilino@su.edu.ph; richardaguino-o@su.edu.ph

RES-274



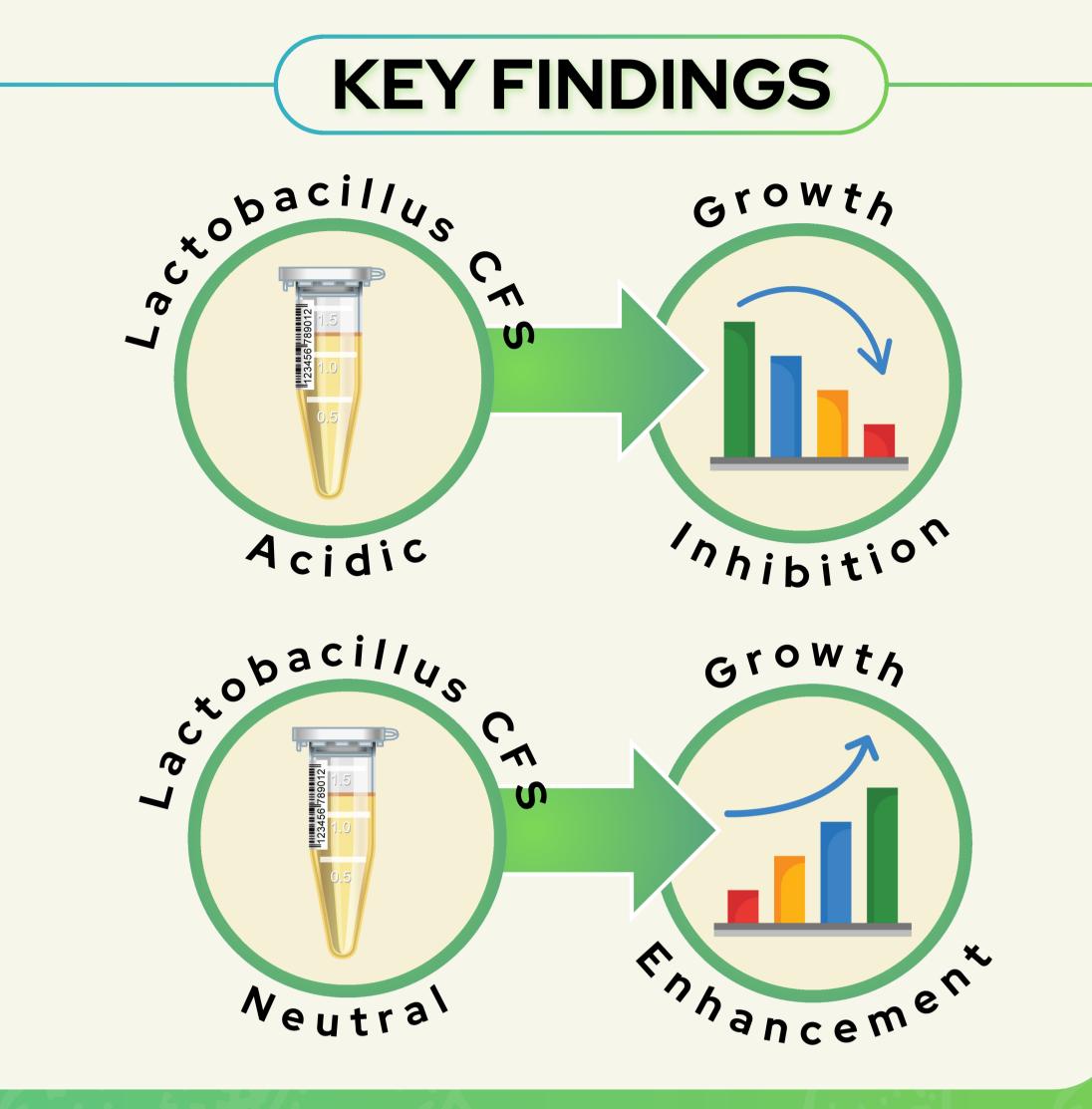




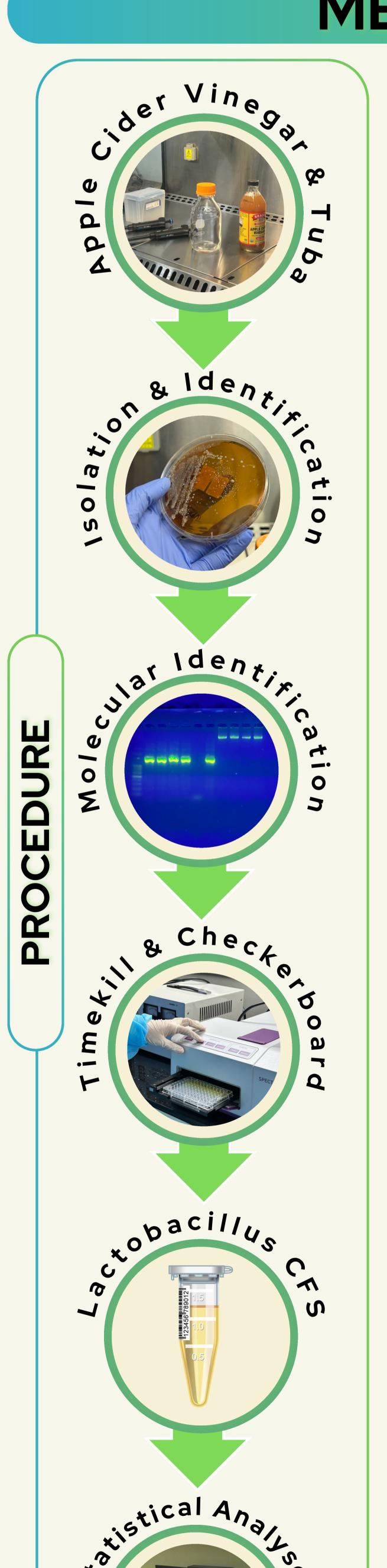
ABSTRACT

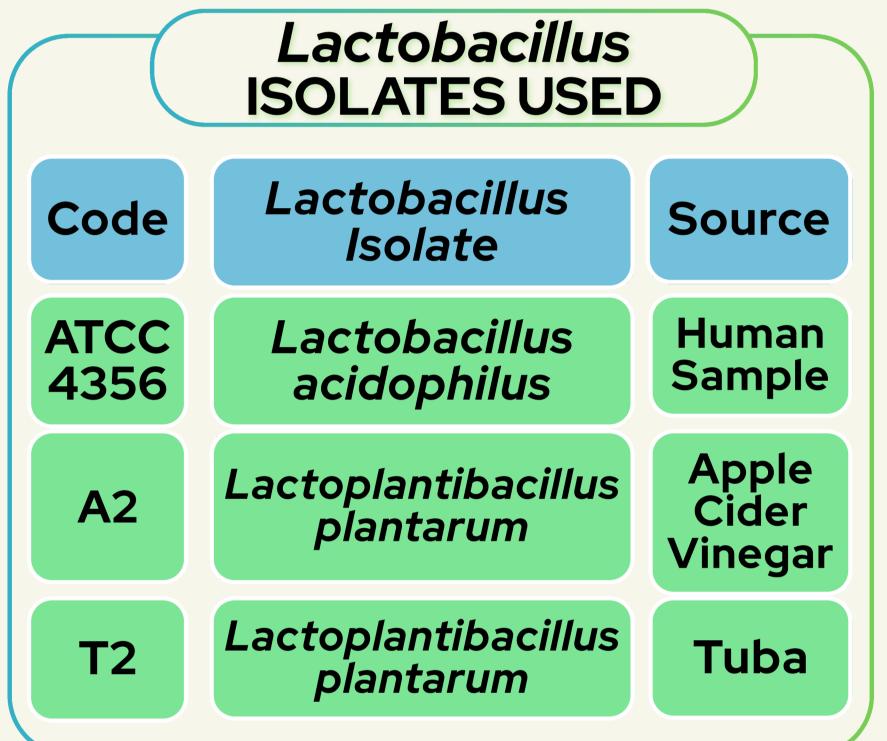
Fermented foods are known sources of *Lactobacillus* species with potential antimicrobial activity. The study examined whether **cell-free supernatants** (CFS) from *Lactobacillus spp.* isolated from tuba and apple cider vinegar could modulate the growth of Carbapenem-resistant *Acinetobacter baumannii* (CRAB) using Time-Kill and Checkerboard assays.

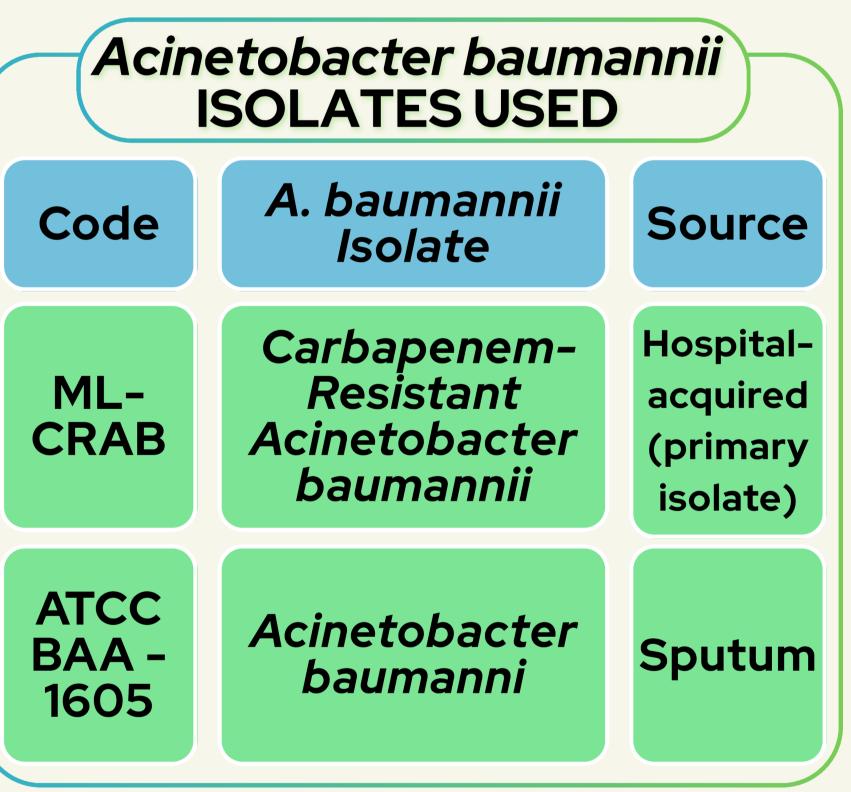
While acidic CFS demonstrated initial inhibitory activity, neutralization of pH abolished this effect. Time-kill assays revealed a paradoxical increase in bacterial absorbance and regrowth of CRAB strains. Turbidity readings consistently showed enhanced growth rates of CRAB in the presence of neutralized CFS, suggesting a growth-promoting effect possibly due to metabolites remaining in the CFS after removal of viable *Lactobacillus* cells.



METHODS



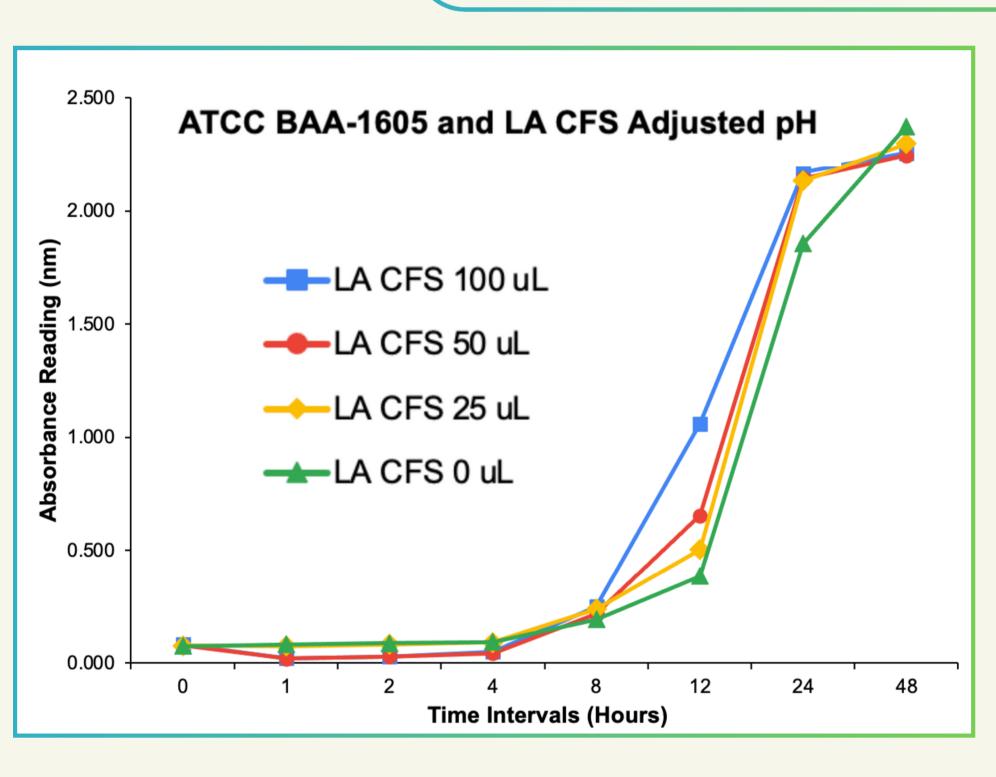




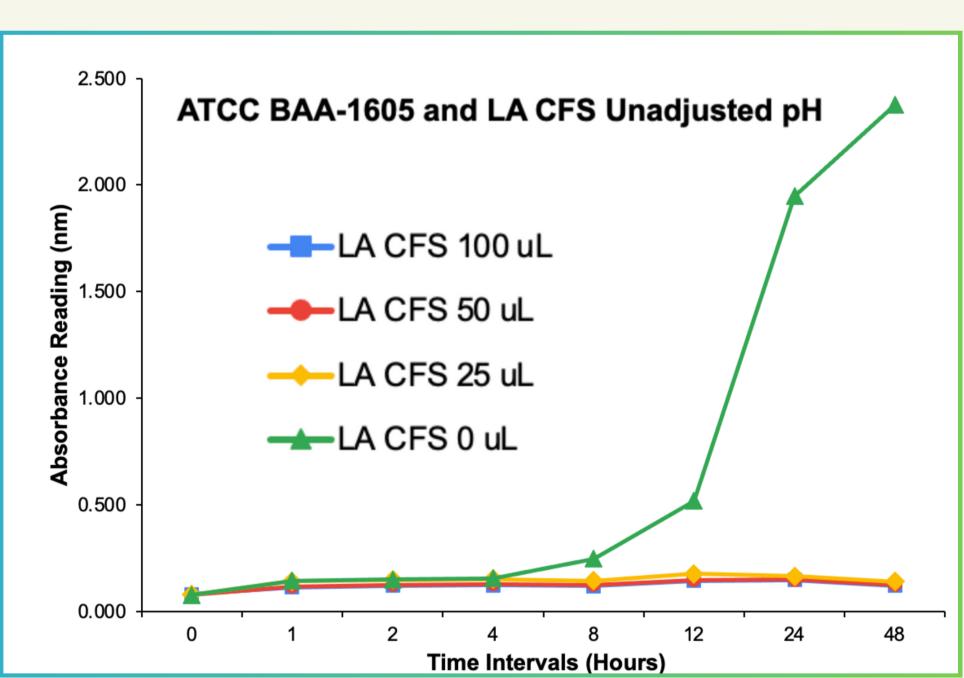


RESULTS

TIME-KILL ASSAY

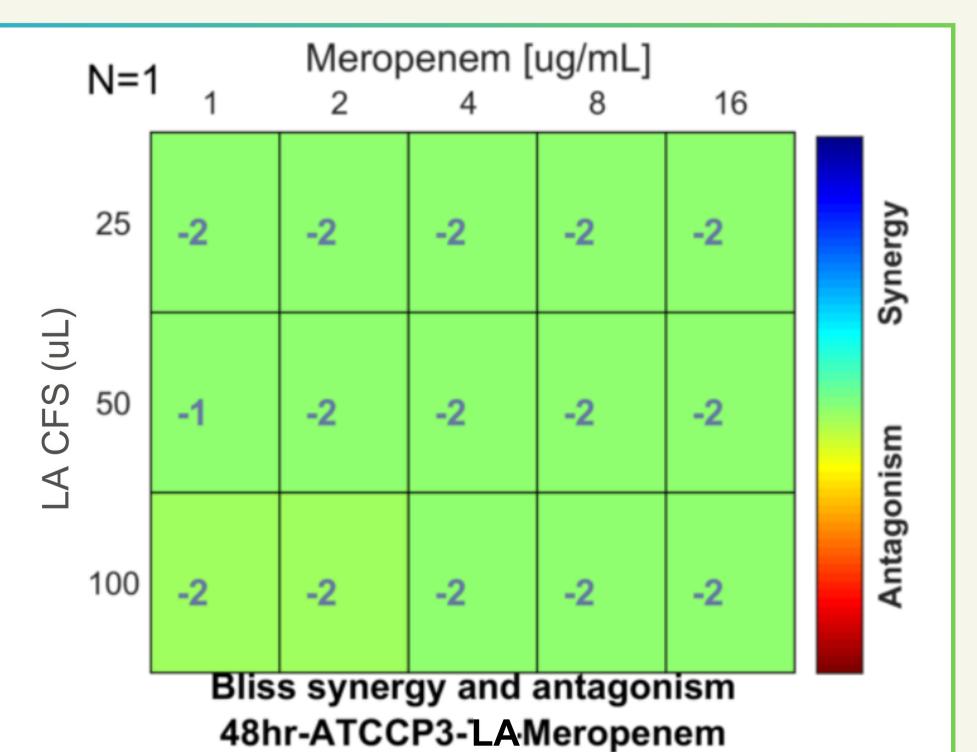


Representative line graph showing the growth-enhancing effect of neutralized Lactobacillus CFS on A. baumannii.



Representative line graph showing the growth-inhibition of acidic Lactobacillus CFS on A. baumannii.

CHECKERBOARD ASSAY



Representative figure showing slight antagonism between Lactobacillus CFS and antibiotics on CRAB.

CONCLUSION

Neutral pH Lactobacillus-derived byproducts may inadvertently create favorable conditions for CRAB survival.